Fair: possibly thunderstorms.

MEN'S

Light-weight, light, medium and dark-colored

SUITS

In plain and fancy Cassimeres and Cheviots,

FOR \$9.85

They have been selling for \$15, \$18 and \$20. All kinds of hot weather clothing at greatly reduced prices.

The When

You have only fifteen days more to get votes on the Pony.

We Offer for immediate or future delivery, based on extreme low prices and liberal terms, the favorably known

"Columbus Swansdown" and "Gladiator," Bleached, Brown and Colored Canton Flannels.

Our "Gladiator HH" has obtained preference at price offered over recent low quotations on competing brands. Have sixteen other qualities, any desired width, weight or price. Sample pieces on request. Stocks now complete throughout the house. Lowest prices always a certainty.

Murphy, Hibben & Co

Wholesale Exclusively.

BIG FOUR ROUTE PLOT TO KILL PRINCE LI

THE CHINESE STATESMAN.

Charged by the Hing Chung Woey, a

San Francisco Society, with Being

an Enemy of His Country.

information that the diplomat had found it

an urgent necessity to cut short his Amer-

ican tour. The message also said this was

mainly due to the reason that he had been

advised of threatening political intrigues

Washington he would hurry home via Vic-

toria. That Li Hung Chang should avoid

San Francisco, the Eastern Mecca of his

race, seemed strange, but may now be ex-

The fact is, there is a plot afoot to de-

stroy his power and forever relegate him to

oblivion, and, if necessary, to take his life.

This is not an ordinary murderous scheme

by local highbinders, nor does it have its

origin here. On the contrary, it is a gi-

gantic move, conceived and already inaug-

urated by the advanced men of the empire,

who have been organizing in every prov-

ince and have sent their emissaries to San

Francisco to perfect branch organizations

For several days the dead walls of China-

town have been illuminated with bright

posters, proclaiming the purposes of a new

society, known as "Hing Chung Woey,"

acquaint themselves with the principles of

cal and financial support. These posters

have been placed in conspicuous places se-

cretly, for the Chinese know full well the

penalty that awaits them if they become

identified in any way in a plot against the

the bitterest terms of the influences brought to bear upon the Emperor by cor-

rupt officials, and special reference is made

to the Viceroy. In fact, the document orig-

nally posted and a second edition of pam-

hlets which have been secretly circulated

among the better element in Chinatown at-

cidents are recited at length to show that

Li Hung Chang's relations traded their

The Hing Chung Woey warns its country-

rupt powers of China. It charges that the

ng on the working classes. Another doc-

ument refers to the present military forces of the empire, and particularly to their

poor equipments, a condition which, it de-

lares, would never have existed had the

Members of the local Chinese colony en-

Emperor been surrounded by wise and hon-

tertain a bitter hatred for Li Hung Chang.

The present political movement has in-

creased this hatred, and those who pretend

to know the state of affairs in Chinatown

declare the Viceroy would certainly be

killed if he came here. It is believed that

AN AMERICAN'S HEROISM.

Though Badly Wounded, He Saved a

Mexican Train from Bandits.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 14.-Inquiry has

been received here from the office of the

United States consul at Juarez, Mexico,

concerning James F. Howard, a young man

well known here, who is reported to be

grams received here state that on Wednes-

to the City of Mexico. A short distance

culty with several Mexicans who attempted

to assault him. In a desperate fight that

escaped, though he himself was badly

wounded. Later on the same night, al-

though almost faint from loss of blood.

south bound, from a wreck ap-

young Howard saved the Mexican Central

parently planned by the gang of Mexicans

with which he had fought. He had learned

that some one had removed the rails a half

mile ahead and as the train turned a curve

some distance away Howard set fire to his

coat and as best he could in his weakened

condition waved the flaming garment

across the track. The signal proved effec-

tive. Howard was taken aboard and just

before he lost consciousness was enabled

to tell the trainmen of the condition of

the track. The train proceeded slowly.

finally coming to a place where the rails

placed across the track. Robbery was evi-

dentiv intended. Howard has been uncon-

scious since then. He had been shot in

two places and dangerously wounded. The

Fireman Killed.

GROUNDHOUSE, Minn., Aug. 14.-An

Eastern Minnesota freight train ran into a

Great Northern engine, demolishing both engines and killing M. Moore, a Great

Northern fireman. The blame is supposed

to rest with the Eastern train crew.

Mexican Central officials are doing all pos-

been removed for two lengths and

est men instead of boodlers.

cisco for this reason.

imperor is lazy and leaves the control of

honor for Japan gold during the war.

charged with traitorous conduct in connec-

reigning powers. The circular complains in

the new order and lend it their moral, phys-

National Encampment CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE LIFE OF ST. PAUL, MINN.,

SEPT. 1 to 4, 1896.

\$11.70 FOR THE ROUND TRIE

From Indianapolis and corresponding rates from all points. The Official Train of the Commander in Chief

and the Department of Indiana, G. A. R. and W. R. C., And the Knightstown Soldiers' and Sailors'

Orphans' Home band will leave Indianapolis via the Big Four route at 11:50 a. m., Monday, Aug. 31, and run through to St. Paul Without change or delay, via the Chicago Great Western railway, Maple Leaf route, reaching St. Paul at 8 a. m., Tuesday, Sept . This train will be composed of the finest sleeping cars and first-class coaches and will reach Chicago at 5:30 p. m., at which point a dining or refreshment car will be

Round trip tickets at the above rate will Sept. 1, good to return until Sept. 15, inwith privilege of extension until For tickets and for information call at Big offices, No. 1 East Washington street, ckson place and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Blue River Park SUNDAY, AUGUST 16,

C., H. & D. UNDER AUSPICES OF

Special trains leave Union Station 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. Returning, leave park at 7 p. m.

Tickets on sale by members of society

Via MONON,

Sunday, Aug. 23

One Dollar Round Trip

Special train leaves 6:30 a. m. Returning, leave Cedar Lake 6:30 p. m.

AMBITIOUS JAPANESE.

Anxious to Excel the World in Construction of War Ship Destroyers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.-The steamship Coptic brings news that the Japanese are aspiring not only to catch up with the leading nations of the world in manufagturing industries, but to excell all the rest of the world in the production of engines for naval warfare. About the time the Coptic left Yokohama it was reported from good sources in naval circles that plans had been submitted to the Admiralty for the building of a flotilla of small gunboats to develop the extrordinary speed of forty knots an hour. The vessels are to be driven and lighted by electricity, the twin screw propellers to be placed not abaft, but only a little abaft midships. The boats are to be wholly or partially submerged and, to make this process easy, they will be little more than mere hulls, void of outworks of any kind. It is believed the new class of war vessels will be designed entirely as an attempt to emdy the principle which has been advocated by so many naval experts of putting into a small compass with extraorlinary speed fighting powers which may cope with really big war ships. Whether or not the Japanese navy department has

BIG LION LOOSE.

reason to feel assured that it has ad-

beyond mere experiment in this di-

Romeo Escapes from His Cage at

MEMPHIS. Tenn., Aug. 14.-Yesterday the largest male lion in captivity, now quartered at East End Park and formerly a part of Daniel E. Doone's animal show, broke from his cage and dashed out of the park down Poplar boulevard at a terrific pace. Fortunately no one was astir in the neighborhood at so early an hour and the beast, scenting blood at Mauldin's slaughterhouse, a few blocks away, dashed into the pens and attacked the cattle there. | sible for him. The hungry brute succeeded in killing a steer and calf, when his keeper, Jerry Kahill, came upon the scene and after a sharp conflict the ilon was pitchforked into sion and returned to his cage at the park. The citizens in the neighborhood of the park to-night held a mass meeting nanded that the lions be remove

ONE REASON WHY HE FAILED TO REACH THE NORTH POLE.

Had No Food for His Sledge Drawer and Was Forced to Kill One After

INCIDENTS OF THE JOURNEY TOLD

STEAMER FRAM NOT INJURED

WITHSTOOD THE CRUSH OF THE IC FLOES WITHOUT DAMAGE.

ing by Explorer Jackson-Melville's View of the Expedition.

awaiting with interest details of Dr. Nanvices from Vardoe state the Doctor reached 86.14 north latitude before he was compelled to return. Greely, the American explorer, claims that Lockwood and Brainard, of his party, planted the stars and stripes at a SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 14.-Li Hung Chang, China's aged Viceroy, is which the explorers had no previous threatened with deposition, if not death. knowledge, prevented entrance into the A few days ago the telegraph conveyed the canoes the pole would have been reached. at home, and that after a short stay in The land voyage was most arduous, but

self had been living in a hut quite close

The Windward is understood to have acand calling upon all patriotic Chinamen to son was met and relieved. Dr. Naisen was in Franz Josef land last June.

AS TOLD BY NANSEN.

ardous Voyage to the North.

Fridtjef Nansen's arctic expedition and the adventures of his party together with the tack Li Hung Chang most fiercely. He is scientific results obtained, first of which tion with the late war with Japan, and in- is his success in penetrating to the highest latitude hitherto trod by the foot of man, men of the need of action for reform. It morning, following the story by Jackson asks them to unite and throttle the cor- of the finding of Nansen, contained in a dispatch from Vardoe, Norway, yesterday, empire to mandarins who are tread- to the Associated Press. Dr. Nansen says in the Chronicle:

> we would not risk losing constantly exposed and violent tions. The most friendly feeling existed and time passed pleasantly. Every one

> made pleasure his duty, and a better lot of men could hardly be found. south of 79 degrees north, where the depth suddenly increased, and from 1,600 to 1,900 fathoms north of that latitude. This will necessarily upset all previous theories based on a shallow polar basin. The sea bottom was remarkably devoid of organic matter. During the whole drift I had good opportunities to take a series of scientific observations, meteorological, magnetic, astronomical and biological, soundings, deep sea temperatures, examinations for the salinity of the sea water, etc. Under the stratum of cold ice water covering the surface of the polar basin, I soon discovered warmer and more saline water due to the gulf stream, with temperatures from 31 de-

cept narrow cracks in any direction. As grees, 31 minutes north, and evidently well anticipated, our drift northwestward was | suited to wintering, and as it was now too most rapid during the winter and spring,

while the northerly winds stopped or drifted us backward during the summer. On June 18, 1894, we were on 81 degrees 52 minutes north, but we drifted then southward only. On Oct. 21 we passed 82 degrees north. On Christmas eve., 1894, latitude 83 degrees north was reached, and a few days later 83 degrees 24 minutes, the furthest north latitude previously reached

"On Jan. 4 and 5 the Fram was exposed to the most violent ice pressures we experienced. She was then firmiy frozen in ice of more than thirty feet of measured thickness. This floe was overridden by great ice masses, which were pressed against the port side with irresistible force and threatened to bury, if not to crust her. The necessary provisions with the canvas kayaks and other equipments had been placed in safety upon the ice. Every man was ready to leave the ship if necessary and was prepared to continue with the drift, living on the floe. But the Fram proved even stronger than our trust in her. When the pressure rose the highest and the ice was piled up high above the bulwarks she was broken loose and slowly lifted out of her bed in which she had been frozen, but not the slightest sign of a split was to be discovered anywhere in her. After that experience I considered the Fram almost equal to anything in the way of ice pressure. Afterwards, we experienced nothing more of the kind, but our drift was rapidly continued north and northwestward.

the Fram would soon reach her highest latitude north of the Franz Josef Land and that she would not easily fail to carry out the programme of the expedition, viz.: to cross the unknown polar basin, I decided to leave the ship in order to explore the sea north of her route. Lieutenant Johansen volunteered to join me, and I could not easily have found a better companion in every respect. The leadership of the expedition on board the Fram I left to Captain Sverdrup. With my trust in his qualifications as a leader and his ability to overcome difficulties I have no fear but that he will bring all the men safely back, ever if the worst should happen and the Fram

be lost, which I consider improbable. "On March 3 we reached 84 degrees, 4 minutes north. Johansen and I left the Fram March 14, 1895, at 83 degrees, 59 minutes north and 102 degrees, 27 minutes east. Our purpose was to explore the sea to the north and reach the highest latitude possible, and then to go to Spitzbergen, via Franz Josef Land, where we felt certain to find a ship. We had twentyeight dogs, two sledges and two kayaks for possible open water. The dog food was calculated for thirty days and our provisions for 100 days. We found the ice in the beginning tolerably good traveling and so made good distances and the ice did not appear drifting much. On March 22 we were at 85 degrees, 10 minutes north. Al though the dogs were less enduring than we hoped, still they were tolerably good The ice now became rougher and the drift contrary. On March 25 we had only reached 85 degrees, 19 minutes north and on March 29, 85 degrees, 30 minutes.

"We were now evidently drifting fast towards the south. Our progress was very slow. It was fatiguing to work our way and carry our sledges over the high hummocks constantly being built up by floes grinding against each other. The ice was in strong movement and the ice pressure In the autumn of 1895 Dr. Nansen reached | was heard in all directions. On April 3 we were at 85 degrees, 50 minutes north, constantly hoping to meet smoother ice. On April 4 we reached 86 degrees, 3 minutes north, but the ice became rougher until on April 7 it got so bad that I considered it unwise to continue our march in northerly direction. We were then at 86 degrees, 14 minutes north. We then made nothing but ice of the same description, hummock beyond hummock, to the hori-We had had low temperature and during nearly three weeks it was in the neighborhood of 40 degrees below zero. On April complished her task and, presumably, I it rose to 8 degrees below zero, but soon sank again to 38. When a wind was blowcomfortable in our too thin woolen clothing. To save weight we had left our fur suits on board ship. The minimum temperature in March was 49 degrees and the maximum was 24. In April the minimum was 38 and the maximum 20 degrees.

"We saw no sign of land in any direction. In fact, the floe of ice seemed to move so freely before the wind that there could not have been anything in the way of land to stop it for a long distance off. We were now drifting rapidly northward. On April 8 we began our march towards Franz Josef Land. On April 12 our watches ran down owing to the unusual length of the day's march. After that date we were that our dead reckoning was fairly correct. As we came south we met many cracks, which greatly retarded our progress. The provisions were rapidly decreasing. The

"In June the cracks became very bad dition for traveling. The dogs and the ski and sledge-runners broke through the superficial crust and sank deep in the snow. Only a few dogs were now left and progress was next to impossible. But unfortunately we had no line of retreat. The dogs' rations, as well as our own were rebest way we could ahead. We expected daily to find land in sight, but we looked in vain. On May 31 we were in 82 degrees. 21 minutes north and on June 4 in 82 degrees, 18 minutes north, but on June 15 82 degrees, 26 minutes north. No land was to be seen, although, according to Payer's map, we had expected to meet with Petermann land at 83 degrees north. These discrepancies became more and more puzzling

"On June 22, we had shot a bearded seal, and as the snow became constantly worse I determined to wait. We now had a supply of seal meat until it melted away. We also shot three bears. We had only two dogs left, which were now well-fed upon

"On July 22 we continued our journey over tolerably good snow. On July 24, erywhere broken into small floes, the water between being filled with crushed ice in which the use of the kayaks was impossible. We therefore had to make our way by balancing from one ice piece to another, and we did not reach land until Aug. 6 at tude. This proved to be entirely ice-capped islands. In kayaks we made our way westward in open water along these islands and on Aug. 12 we discovered land extendtry became more and more puzzling, and I could find no agreement with Payer's map. zek land and Dove glacier without seeing

"On Aug. 26 we reached a spot in 81 de-

TO BE THE CAMPAIGN KEYNOTE OF EASTERN REPUBLICANS.

Enough to Hold One-Tenth of the People Who Want to Hear Him.

REPUBLICANS HARD AT WORK

TWO NEW BUREAUS OPENED AT CHI- of public opinion.

Telegrams Received by Major McKinley Showing Great Activity Among the Workers of the Party.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14 .- Ex-President Harrison will turn his attention to the this city placed in nomina-"As I now with certainty anticipated that tion William J. Bryan for President and adopted the platform upon which that candidate goes before the people. He is at present busy preparing to enter the campaign, and on Aug. 27, in Carnegie Music Hall, New York, he will make the opening speech of the campaign in the East. That speech will be used as one of the

model campaign documents and, from present indications, will touch upon the makeup of the Chicago convention, the character of the leaders who forced the financial plank on the Democratic party, the utterances of such men as Tillman, Altgeld and other speakers, and thoroughly analyze the platform that grew out of that aggregation of free-silver leaders.

Ex-President Harrison, it is expected, will have the biggest reception that any political speaker has ever had in New York, and the Eastern department of the national committee is making arrangements to do the most good that it is possible to accomplish on this occasion. The utterances of General Harrison will be looked forward to by the people of the country more than those of any other man. It is a rare thing to hear the voice of an ex-President in a political campaign, and this would insure him a great reception alone; but, aside from that, he has a clear, simple and eloquent manner of speaking, that has made him famous as the greatest extemporaneous speaker in America, that attracts people to 'him by the thousands, This was one of his greatest powers in the campaign of 1888, and it will be used with a telling effect for McKinley in tais campaign. Upon the request of Powell Clayton. who is at the New York headquarters, a complete stenographic report of the proceedings of the Chicago convention were

forwarded to General Harrisop, for his use in preparing for the speech of Aug. 27. Telephonic communication was regularly established to-day between the Chicago and New York Republican headquarters and Chairman Hanna is thus enabled to participate and practically to preside at the daily meeting of the executive committees at both headquarters. At stated hours Secretary Osborne, at New York, and Secretary Dick, at Chicago, exchange daily reports and each headquarters is thus kept constantly informed as to the progress Two new and important bureaus began to-day at the Chicago head-

In the literary department a been organized under the of a further advance. But we could see | charge of Charles Hedges, of Texas, who compiled and published General Harrison's The functions of this bureau will be to keep in touch with the editors zon, looking like a sea of frozen breakers. of country newspapers, to classify their and select extracts from the same for use in the numerous leaflets printed. Quotaartisans appearing in these newspapers will also be compiled for pamphlet circulation. ing in this temperature we did not feel has charge of all literature and other matters pertaining to the 600,000 Norwegian. of the Alleghenies. Mr. Niels Gron, a Dane, who graduated at Harvard and has traveled extensively and made a study of the tariff and financial questions, is at the head of this bureau

Chairman Hanna leaves Chicago to-morrow for Cleveland, where he will spend Sunday. He may go to New York Wednesday, making a hurried visit before return-ing to this city. The Republican leaders at the headquarters are anxious to know whether Senator Jones means to bring the Democratic national committee to Chicago and establish an office here. The Democrats think he will eventually decide that Chicago is the best place from which to direct the battle. As soon as the question is settled, the Republican managers will plan the remainder of their campaign ac-

Great Demand for Tickets. NEW YORK, Aug. 14.-Every indication points to an overwhelming attendance at the mass meeting to be held in Carnegie dogs were killed one after the other to feed | Hall on Aug. 27, when ex-President Harrison will address the Republicans of New York on the issues of the campaign. The demand for tickets is unprecedented. On the day that the announcement was made that Mr. Harrison was to speak, and before any definite arrangements had been made, over 500 applications for seats were received at the Republican State headquar-

MANY M'KINLEY CLUBS. Sample of Telegrams Received by the Republican Nominec.

CANTON, O., Aug. 14.-Governor and Mrs. McKinley entertained at lunch to-day Mr. Thomas McDougall, of Cincinnati. The Governor's mail continues to be quite large, and he is in daily receipt of telegrams and letters telling of the formation of McKinley clubs in all parts of the country. Appended

From Meriden, Conn.-At a rally last

night announcement was made that in the last forty-eight hours over 700 voters, including many former Democrats, had joined the McKinley Club.-Henry Dryhurst, chairman of committee From San Quoit, N. Y .- The One-hundred-and-seventh New York Volunteers in reunion assembled, send you a comrade's greeting and wish you success.-Henry G. From Flint, Mich.-The McKinley and Hobart Club, of Flint, organized last night,

and Hobart Regiment, of western New York, 1,200 strong, has completed organization .- C. W. Fairfax, colonel commanding; P. R. Cole, adjutant From Cleveland, O .- We have just placed on our mill a McKinley and Hobart banwhom are anxiousl, awaiting for the time to vote for protection and sound money .-

2,000 strong, for "Protection, reciprocity and

sound money," send greeting to our stand-

From Geneva, N. Y .- The First McKinley

ard bearer .- W. C. Lewis, president.

Britton Rolling Mill Company.

port visitors to Canton Aug. 22.

ized here last night, 1,170 strong.-E. From Toledo, O .- The other soldiers of Lucas county had an enthusiastic meeting in Toledo last night and organized a branch H. S. Bunker, president. A dispatch from Newcastle, Pa., says that two special trains have been engaged by the committee on arrangements to trans-

From Canton, O .- McKinley clubs organ-

Campaign Documents. WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.-The Republic

an congressional committee to-day issued numerous extracts have been made of late.

The speech is printed in fuil as a means return to Chautauqua on his own recogniof showing that the silver utterances at- zance

tributed to Mr. Blaine were wrung from a context which, when given, presented a different view. The subheads to the speech

indicate the main points. The committee probably will make a campaign document of an open letter it has recently received, written by Gen. J. O. Shelby, of Missouri, to General Crittenden, consul-general to Mexico, announcing the writer's purpose to support McKinley and denouncing the Chicago convention.

Thurston on the Outlook.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 14.-Before he left for his home in Nebraska, Senator John M. Thurston, en route from Topeka, where he had just opened the Republican campaign in that State, talked to a re-

porter on politics. "The Republicans are all right, sir, all over the land," he said. "The outlook foretells a great victory, and we shall win the fight. The lines in the West are practicaly unbroken; there have been few changes. The defection has been but trifling. We are in the best shape for a fight, and the prospects are such as to reassure every man who watches the trend

Pine Tree State "Stumpers." NEW YORK, Aug. 14.-Gen. Powell Clayton to-day received from National Committeeman Manley, of Maine, a list of the distinguished speakers who will stump the Pine Tree State for McKinley and Hobart. The list includes Harold M. Sewall son of Bryan's associate; Senators Hale

Frye and Lodge: Congressmen Dingley, Boutelle and Dolliver; ex-Governor Pitkin, of Louisiana; ex-Senator Warner Miller and J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, and Gen. Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, ex-minister to Denmark. Warner Miller Not Laid Out. UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 14.-The latest returns from the Miller-Sheard fight in the Herkimer county caucuses is that Warner Miller has obtained thirty-one (31) delegates and Titus Sheard thirty (30.) The delegates from German Flats are con-trolled by Mr. Heacock, candidate for Congressman, and he thus holds the power to decide the contest. He is thought here

TRAIN WRECKED

to favor Miller.

SMASHED AT RAVENSWORTH.

Several Lives Reported to Have Been Lost and Fifteen or Twenty Passengers Injured.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- The F. F. V. limited train on the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, which left Washington at 11:37 m. last night ran into an open switch a Ravensworth, Va., about 12:15 a. m. ar four of the six passenger coaches were badly wrecked. Several-lives are reported los and fifteen or twenty passengers injured There is no telegraph station at Ravensworth and details of the disaster are not obtainable. A wrecking train with several physicians on board has gone to the scene

CUSTOM HOUSE RAIDED

STRANGE DOINGS OF A BAND OF RE-LIGIOUS MEXICAN FANATICS.

Santa Teresa's Followers Incited to Rebellion by an Apostle Who Edits a Seditious Newspaper.

NOGALES, A. T., Aug. 14 .- A strange religious fanaticism finding its motive power in the preaching of a newspaper and its badge in the latest copies of the same, actuated the attack made on Wednesday on the Mexican custom house at Nogales. Sonora, just across the line. It would be useless to seek to explain the outbreak by reference to such motives as mark the lives of sane people. The known facts about the mob are that they one and all had been consistently reading a half-breed newspaper and most of them had been working as cheap section hands in the employ of the Southern Pacific company. They were of all sorts-Pima Indians, Mexican peons, Yaquis and Mesquitos. They were not after plunder in the usual sense, for they neglected to help themselves to the very considerable sum of mony in the custom house. Why their hostility was directed against that institution rather than a frontier boarding It appears that they are all followers of a magnetic healer and prophetess for worship, and her they have canonized as Santa Teresa de Cabor, a living saint and wonder-worker, as they believe, having been told so by Laaro Aguirre, an apostle and newspaper man who has devoted his organ to sounding her praises. The gospel which he has preached was that Santa Teresa was a divine, or at least an inspired leader delegated from God to free the common people of Mexico and release them from the slavery in which he tells them they are bound. A steady course of reading of this inflammatory variety, joined with a season of work on the railroads, appears to have chasperated them to the degree that they 'e ready to follow the way to salvation pointed out by Aguirre, the apostle.

Troops in Pursuit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.-General Wheaton, commanding the United States troops in the Department of Colorado, has telegraphed from Denver that troops from Fort Huachuca are now out in pursuit of the Yaqui Indians who made the attack upon the Mexican portion of the town of Nogales. 'Another detachment of troops from Fort Grant are also in the field looking after some Indians who have been crossing the Arizona line from Mexico and raiding American ranches and then dodging back across the border. Under the provision of the special treaty recently negotiated it will now be easier to run these maranders down by following them acress into Mexico.

American Killed by the Bandits. TUCSON. A. T., Aug. 14.-A. dispatch from Benson reports that the bandits who last week raided the International Bank at Nogales ambushed Sheriff Leatherwood and posse near the Mexican line. Frank Robson, United States line rider, who was one of the posse, was killed. The bandits have gained accessions to their ranks and now outnumber the officers, who are returning, bringing the body of Robson with

MINISTER IN TROUBLE

Charged with Unlawfully Opening a Mail Box and Removing Letters.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 14.-This afternoon United States Marshal Buck arrested Henry B. Waterman, a Baptist minister of Chicago, at Chautauqua. The charge is the unlawful opening of a mail box in the postoffice at Chautauqua and reof the Union Veterans' Patriotic League .- | moving mail matter. Mr. Waterman, it is alleged, seeing some letters in his box. Tuesday night, determined to have them before the delivery the next morning. He is said to have taken a knife from his pocket and removed the fastenings from the box. Securing his mail, it is charged he replaced the fastenings and left the ffice lobby. Before Commissioner Hazeltine, this evening. Waterman said he would be able to defend his position and asked an adjournment for a day or two. The

FRUITLESS CONFERENCES OVER MANAGEMENT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Senator Gorman Declines to Act as Chairman, Because He Could Not Secure Exclusive Control.

HEADQUARTERS AT CHICAGO

NOMINEE BRYAN'S PLANS FOR THE

Will Rest in the East and Prepare His Letter of Acceptance-Row Brewing in Connecticut.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.-Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, left to-night for Washington, with out appointing either his executive core mittee or the campaign committee. The conferences during the day have been lengthy and evidently of importance. Senator Gorman, Senator Jones, Mr. Sewall, the vice presidential nominee, Governor Stone, of Missouri, and presidential candidate Bryan have talked and talked during the day, but are evidently no nearer a solution of the mystery, which is alleged tonight to be Serator Gorman's terms for managing the campaign. The story runs that Gorman has said that he will head THE CHESAPEAKE & OHIO'S F. F. V. the campaign committee, provided he has the exclusive management of affairs, or, in other words, can conduct it on the lines. he thinks best. The silver men do not believe that such power should be given to Gorman, and they are urging the name of Governor Stone. In addition to this, there is said to be a decided friction in the committee over the plan proposed to discipline the gold State committeemen who have not attended the meetings of the national committee. Chairman Jones and Senator Gorman urge that some radical departure, such as removal, should be the method employed. while others are of the opinion that rad. ical action of that sort would hurt the candidate. Whatever the difficulty, it is a fact that the delay in appointment of the committees was not contemplated. Senator Jones announced that he would appoint the committees on Wednesday, and has set certain hours during the past two days when he would make the announcement. Postponement has resulted each time, and his departure to-night without taking action

At midnight it was announced that Senator Gorman had refused to accept the chairmanship of the campaign committee. The national headquarters, it is announced. will be at Chicago. erence to the wishes of Mr. Bryan and Mr. Gorman declines the chairmanship be-

cause of the selection Later-Chairman Jones, it is said on good authority, has decided upon those who will they will probably be appointed to-morrow. They are John R. McLean, of Ohio; Governor Stone, of Missouri; Clarke Howell, fr., of Georgia; C. A. Walsh, of Iowa; J. G. Shanklin, of Indiana; J. J. Dwyer, of California; D. J. Campau, of Michigan, and J. B. Johnson, of Kansas. Governor Altgeld may also be appointed a member

PLANS OF THE BRYANS. Will Rest in New York State Before

Starting for the West. NEW YORK, Aug. 14 .- Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will leave here to-morrow morning for Irvington-on-the-Hudson, where they will remain until Monday next as the guests of John Brisban Walker, editor of the Cosmopolitan. From Irvington they will proceed to Upper Red Hook, where they will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Perrine for about a week. Mrs. Perrine was formerly Mrs. Bryan's schoolteacher. For a week or two longer Mr. Bryan will rest, except for the preparation of his letter of acceptance. It is expected that he will speak at Buffalo on Aug. 27 and at Erie, Pa., two days later. The arrangement of Mr. Bryan's itinerary was as much in the hands of Mrs. Bryan as it was of the candidate himself, and through her urging, Mr. Sewall, the vice presidential candidate, decided to go with them, Mr. Walker is an old friend of Mr. Bryan, and asperating and, therefore, to be destroyed. It had been intended to spend the entire vacation with him until Mrs. Bryan changed the plan. This afternoon the candidate and his wife visited a local photog-

> rapher and were photographed. To a reporter Mr. Bryan said this afternoon; "I am going for a week's rest, not so much because I feel wearled or physically incapable of keeping up the work as because I must prepare my letter of acceptance, and to do that need quiet. Mr. Walker is a friend of mine and we shall spend Sunday with him, Mrs. Perrine is a friend of my wife and her old schoolteacher at the Jacksonville Female Academy. We shall probably stay there for a week or ten tlays. Then I shall return to New York

> "Will you speak here again as has been "That is a matter we have not yet decided. It has only been suggested, not talked about Would you personally like to talk here

I cannot answer that question at this time. I shall be governed entirely by the wishes of the campaign committee. If they desire it. I shall be pleased to do it. But I repeat that no decision has been made. When you come back to New York, what will your future programme be?" "I shall leave for the West, making my first stop at Buffalo, where I will speak, Then I will go on further west, speakin at Erie, Pa., and Cleveland, O. Furthe than that we have not plann Senator Stewart, Senator Jones, Governor Stone and Mr. Sewall were with Mr. Bryan for several hours to-day. It is believed that Mr. Bryan will not only in the New England States, but that he will even refrain from going over there. Among Mr. Bryan's callers to-day were Congressman Sulzer, of this city; national committeeman

Jackson, of Tennessee, and Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, of Vicksburg, Miss. Fusion in Washington.

ELLENSBURG, Wash., Aug. 14.-After an all-night session at the joint conference, the Populists submitted a proposition which was approved by the silver Republicans, making the following distribution of offices; For Populists-Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Land Commissioner, two electors and one Congressman. For Democrats-Judge of Supreme Court, State Printer and two electors. For silver Republicans-Attorney-general and one Con-

The Democratic. Populist and silver Reublican conventions met to-day and received representatives from the conference committee. Each then took a recess to give the committee further time to confer, the Democrats being satisfied with the distribution of offices. The present situation suggests a fusion between the Populists and free-silver men with the separate

Democratic ticket. Connecticut Dems Badly Divided. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 14.-From developments in political circles to-day there are indications of the biggest fight in the history of Connecticut. The silver-standard Democrats concede that yesterday's meeting of the State committee developed that the gold-standard men are in the majority

Memphis and Kills a Steer and Calf.

Another Till All Were Dead.

STORY OF HIS ARDUOUS TRIP

BY THE SCIENTIST HIMSELF.

Proved to Be of Great Depth.

Nansen Probably Saved from Perish-

LONDON, Aug. 14,-British scientists are

point given as 83.24. Thus, admitting Greely's figures to be correct, Nansen, according to the statement telegraphed from Vardoe, reached a point nearly three degrees further north than the Americans. Dr. Nansen says the Fram, the vessel in which he left Christiana three years ago, drifted with the ice in a westerly direction to eighty-four degrees and he expects the vessel will eventually arrive at Spitzbergen. He adds that wherever they penetrated they found the ice broken. Large patches of water were also found 3,800 meters deep. Below the depth of 190 meters the water was appreciably warmer, probably owing to the gulf stream. Rocky scars, of Olenek river for days. In consequence of the scarcity of dogs with the expedition, Dr. Nansen was compelled to turn back at 86.14. He adds that if he had been provided with a sufficient number of dogs and

extremely valuable scientific results were the north coast of Franz Josef land and built a stone house, in which he lived the whole winter. The Jackson-Harmsworth expedition arrived at Franz Josef land the following spring. Jackson met Dr. Nansen in June on the ice floes of Cape Flora, Dr. Nansen was surprised at the presence of explorers on Franz Josef land, as he him-

to one of Jackson's stations for a long The Jackson expedition is now safe at Franz Josef land. The Windward left the Thames on June 10 to take supplies to the expedition and not to bring him back, as generally believed, and currently reported. found Dr. Nansen with the Jackson party. The commander of the Windward telegraphed to-day from Vardoe that Jack-

The Explorer's Own Story of His Haz-LONDON, Aug. 15, 6 a. m .- The story in detail by the explorer himself of Dr. namely, 86 degrees, 14 minutes north, are

"The Fram left Jugor strait Aug. 4, 1893. We had to force our way through much ice along the Siberian coast. We discovered an island in the Kara sea and a great number of islands along the coast to Cape Cheljuskin. In several places we found evidences of a glacial epoch, during which northern Siberia must have been covered by inland ice to a great extent. On Sept. Li Hung Chang has been fully advised of 15 we were off the mouth of the Olenek this fact and purposes to avoid San Fran- river, but we thought it was too late to year. We passed the New Siberian islands Sept. 22. We made fast to a floe in longitude 133 degrees 37 minutes east. We then allowed the ship to be closed in by the ice. As anticipated, we were gradually drifted north and northwestward during the autumn and winter from the pressures, but she (the Fram) surpassed lying unconscious in a hospital at Juarez, our expectations, being superior to any with two bullets in his body. Private tele- strain. The temperature fell rapidly and was constantly low, with little variation for day evening Howard started from Juarez | the whole winter. During weeks the mercury was frozen. The lowest temperature was sixty-two degrees below zero. Every man on board was in perfect health during the whole voyage. The electric light, genfollowed he shot three of them dead and erated by a windmill, fulfilled our expecta-

"The sea was up ninety fathoms deep

(Continued on Second Page.)